## arauco

Press Release 3Q 2019

For more details on ARAUCO's financial statements please visit www.cmfchile.cl or www.arauco.com

Readers are referred to the documents filed by ARAUCO with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, specifically the most recent filing on Form 20-F that identifies important risk factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based on information available to ARAUCO on the date hereof and ARAUCO does not assume any obligation to update such statements. References herein to "U.S.S" are to United States dollars. Discrepancies in any table between totals and sums of the amounts listed are due to rounding. This report is unaudited.

## REVENUES

## US\$1,387.2 million

ARAUCO's revenues reached US\$1,387.2 million during the third quarter of 2019, a $2.6 \%$ increase compared to the US\$1,351.6 million obtained in the second quarter of 2019 and a $10.5 \%$ decrease compared to the same period of 2018.

## NET INCOME <br> -US\$29.6 million

The company's net income was of -US\$29.6 million, a $151.5 \%$ decrease, equivalent to US\$87 million, compared to the US\$57.4 million net income obtained during the second quarter of 2019, and a $113.4 \%$ or US $\$ 250.3$ million decrease compared to the same period of 2018.

## ADJUSTED EBITDA US\$238.2 million

Adjusted EBITDA reached US\$238.2 million, a $30.6 \%$ or US\$105.1 million decrease compared to the US\$343.3 million obtained during the second quarter of 2019, and a $53.8 \%$ or US\$277.1 million decrease compared to the same period of 2018.

## NET DEBT TO EBITDA

## 3.3x

Net Financial Debt decreased by US\$201.6 million or 4.5\% compared to the last quarter.

Net Financial Debt / LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratio reached $3.3 x$ in this quarter, an increase compared to $2.9 x$ in the second quarter of 2019 and to the $1.9 x$ reached in the third quarter of 2018.

## CAPEX

## US\$281.0 million

CAPEX reached US\$281.0 million during this quarter, $17.0 \%$ or US $\$ 40.9$ million higher than the US $\$ 240.1$ million from the previous quarter.

## Overview

ARAUCO's third quarter 2019 net income was -US\$29.6 million, which translates to a US $\$ 87.0$ million decrease compared to the second quarter of 2019. This is mainly explained by a decrease in average pulp prices of $19.0 \%$, partially offset by an increase in pulp sales volume of $25.3 \%$ and higher wood products sales volume by $6.8 \%$. Our Adjusted EBITDA was $30.6 \%$ lower than the second quarter, reaching US\$238.2 million. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to $17.2 \%$ compared to the $25.4 \%$ of the second quarter.

Net Financial Debt decreased by US\$201.6 million or 4.5\% compared to the last quarter. Our Net Debt/LTM EBITDA ended up in 3.3x, higher than the $2.9 x$ reached in the second quarter of 2019.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 | QoQ | YoY | YTD 2019 | YTD 2018 | YoY Acum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 1,387.2 | 1,351.6 | 1,549.9 | 2.6\% | -10.5\% | 4,126.9 | 4,573.9 | -9.8\% |
| Net income | (29.6) | 57.4 | 220.7 | -151.5\% | -113.4\% | 153.9 | 656.6 | -76.6\% |
| Adjusted EBITDA (*) | 238.2 | 343.3 | 515.3 | -30.6\% | -53.8\% | 936.4 | 1,510.6 | -38.0\% |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin | 17.2\% | 25.4\% | 33.2\% | -32.4\% | -48.4\% | 22.7\% | 33.0\% | -31.3\% |
| LTM Adj. EBITDA | 1,276.3 | 1,553.4 | 1,848.8 | -17.8\% | -31.0\% | 1,276.3 | 1,848.8 | -31.0\% |
| CAPEX | 281.0 | 240.1 | 193.7 | 17.0\% | 45.1\% | 915.7 | 579.1 | 58.1\% |
| Net Financial Debt | 4,253.2 | 4,454.8 | 3,431.7 | -4.5\% | 23.9\% | 4,253.2 | 3,431.7 | 23.9\% |
| Net Financial Debt / LTM Adj. EBITDA | $3.3 x$ | 2.9x | 1.9x | 16.2\% | 79.5\% | $3.3 x$ | 1.9x | 79.5\% |

Adjusted EBITDA and EBITDA Margin
(in US\$ Million)


## Income

 StatementNet income decreased by 151.5\% during the third quarter of 2019 reaching -US $\$ 29.6$ million. This is explained mostly by the pulp division, because of lower average prices of $19.0 \%$ compared with the last quarter and higher sales volume. Additionally, Other Income decreased compared to the second quarter when we had the sale of our shares in Puertos y Logística S.A.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Revenues | $1,387.2$ | $1,351.6$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| Cost of sales | $(1,054.3)$ | $(966.0)$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| Distribution costs | $(160.4)$ | $(143.3)$ | $12.0 \%$ |
| Administrative expenses | $(140.4)$ | $(146.2)$ | $-4.0 \%$ |
| Other income | 41.6 | 86.4 | $-51.9 \%$ |
| Other expenses | $(37.2)$ | $(27.7)$ | $34.3 \%$ |
| Financial income | 7.5 | 8.1 | $-7.6 \%$ |
| Financial costs | $(65.8)$ | $(69.5)$ | $-5.4 \%$ |
| Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures | $(5.8)$ | 5.3 | $-209.1 \%$ |
| accounted for using equity method | $(12.3)$ | $(9.3)$ | $31.5 \%$ |
| Exchange rate differences | $(39.9)$ | 89.3 | $-144.7 \%$ |
| Income before income tax | 10.3 | $(31.9)$ | $-132.4 \%$ |
| Income tax | $(29.6)$ | 57.4 | $-151.5 \%$ |
| Net income |  |  |  |



## Revenues

ARAUCO's revenues reached US\$1,387.2 million in the third quarter, remaining stable when compared to the last quarter with only a $2.6 \%$ increase. This variation is mainly explained by higher pulp revenues due to a $25.3 \%$ increase in sales volume, partially offset by a $19.0 \%$ decrease in average prices.

The following table shows a revenue's breakdown by business segment:

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Pulp(*) | 610.5 | 583.0 | $4.7 \%$ |
| Wood Products(*) | 738.8 | 733.8 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Forestry | 37.7 | 34.7 | $8.6 \%$ |
| Others | 0.1 | 0.0 | $88.4 \%$ |
| Total | $1,387.2$ | $1,351.6$ | $2.6 \%$ |

## 3Q 2019 Revenue's breakdown


(*) Pulp and Wood products division sales include energy.

## Cost of sales

Increased by $9.1 \%$ or US\$88.3 million compared to the second quarter. This is explained by an increase in Timber and Maintenance costs, both of them associated with higher sales volume in our pulp and wood products divisions. This was offset by the decrease of the Depreciation for right of use due to a reversal of provisions on some lease contracts.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Timber | 246.9 | 211.2 | $16.9 \%$ |
| Forestry labor costs | 148.8 | 147.5 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | 109.5 | 101.5 | $7.9 \%$ |
| Depreciation for right of use | 11.5 | 17.9 | $-35.7 \%$ |
| Maintenance costs | 80.5 | 65.4 | $23.1 \%$ |
| Chemical costs | 151.1 | 137.6 | $9.8 \%$ |
| Sawmill services | 33.3 | 39.7 | $-16.3 \%$ |
| Other raw materials and indirect costs | 103.3 | 89.4 | $15.6 \%$ |
| Energy and fuel | 60.3 | 51.2 | $17.7 \%$ |
| Cost of electricity | 8.5 | 9.5 | $-10.5 \%$ |
| Wage, salaries and severance indemnities | 100.6 | 95.1 | $5.8 \%$ |
| Cost of Sales | $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 4 . 3}$ | 966.0 | $9.1 \%$ |

## Administrative expenses

Decreased by 4.0\% or US\$5.8 million compared to the second quarter, mainly due to lower Computer services expenses because of software licenses paid last quarter. This was partially offset by an increase in Depreciation for the right of use due to the signing of new IFRS 16 lease contracts.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Wages, salaries and severance indemnities | 60.5 | 62.6 | $-3.4 \%$ |
| Marketing, advertising, promotion and publications expenses | 3.9 | 4.7 | $-17.3 \%$ |
| Insurance | 5.2 | 4.6 | $13.6 \%$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7.4 | 6.7 | $9.7 \%$ |
| Depreciation for the right of use | 4.2 | 1.2 | $259.5 \%$ |
| Computer services | 6.4 | 11.6 | $-45.0 \%$ |
| Lease rentals (offices, warehouses and machinery) | 1.3 | 0.8 | $-59.8 \%$ |
| Donations, contributions, scholarships | 1.6 | 2.5 | $-36.7 \%$ |
| Fees (legal and technical advisories) | 13.1 | 12.5 | $4.9 \%$ |
| Property taxes, patents and municipality rights | 4.5 | 5.0 | $-10.1 \%$ |
| Other administration expenses | 32.4 | 34.0 | $-4.6 \%$ |
| Administrative Expenses | 140.4 | $\mathbf{1 4 6 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{- 4 . 0 \%}$ |



## Distribution costs

Increased by 12\% or US\$17.1 million compared to the last quarter, mainly due to an increase in Freight costs explained by higher sales volume.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Commissions | 4.5 | 3.2 | $39.9 \%$ |
| Insurance | 1.5 | 1.3 | $10.5 \%$ |
| Other selling costs | 5.1 | 5.9 | $-13.1 \%$ |
| Port services | 10.5 | 8.6 | $22.1 \%$ |
| Freights | 128.2 | 114.6 | $11.9 \%$ |
| Depreciation for the <br> right of use | 0.4 | 0.9 | $-52.8 \%$ |
| Other shipping and <br> freight costs | 10.1 | 8.7 | $\mathbf{1 6 . 6 \%}$ |
| Distribution Costs | $\mathbf{1 6 0 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 3 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 0 \%}$ |

## Other income

Decreased by 51.9\% equivalent to US\$44.8 million, mainly explained by the sale of our shares of Puertos y Logística S.A. in the second quarter.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 |  | Q2 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | QoQ



## Other expenses

Increased by US\$9.5 million or $34.3 \%$ compared to the previous quarter, mainly due to higher Impairment provision property, plant and equipment and others related to the Line 1 at the Arauco Mill. This was partially offset by a decrease in the Provision for forestry fire losses, because no new provisions were added.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | QoQ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legal payments | (0.1) | 1.9 | -104.0\% |
| Impairment provision property, plant and equipment and others | 19.9 | 6.2 | 221.8\% |
| Operating expenses related to plant stoppages | 4.5 | 0.6 | 642.5\% |
| Project expenses | 0.4 | 1.7 | -74.3\% |
| Loss (gain) from asset sales | 4.5 | 3.0 | 52.5\% |
| Provision for forestry fire losses | - | 6.2 | -100.0\% |
| Other taxes | 3.2 | 4.1 | -20.9\% |
| Research and development expenses | 1.3 | 1.1 | 19.7\% |
| Other expenses (donations, repayments insurance) | 3.4 | 3.0 | 13.5\% |
| Other expenses | 37.2 | 27.7 | 34.3\% |

## Foreign exchange differences

Showed a loss of US\$12.3 million, a US\$2.9 million difference when compared to the second quarter that ended with a US\$9.3 million loss.

During the third quarter, the exchange rate of the Chilean peso against the US dollar depreciated by $3.1 \%$ compared to the previous quarter. Additionally, the Argentine peso depreciated by 15.0\% against the US dollar compared to the last quarter.

These currency variations affected our cash and cash equivalents as measured in US dollar.

## Income tax

For the third quarter, income tax reached a gain of US\$10.3 million, US\$42.2 million higher than the US $\$ 31.9$ million loss in the second quarter. This gain is mainly due to this quarter's negative income before tax.


## Adjusted

 EbitdaAdjusted EBITDA for the third quarter of 2019 was US\$238.2 million. In terms of Adjusted EBITDA by business, the most significant variations were in our pulp and wood products divisions, with a decrease of $25.1 \%$ and $26.7 \%$, respectively. Additionally, Consolidation Adjustments and Other's Adjusted EBITDA decreased by US $\$ 32.3$ million mainly due to the gains in the sale Puertos y Logística S.A. during the past quarter.

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 | QoQ | YoY |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net Income | $(29.6)$ | 57.4 | 220.7 | $-151.5 \%$ | $-113.4 \%$ |
| Financial costs | 65.8 | 69.5 | 56.2 | $-5.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |
| Financial income | $(7.5)$ | $(8.1)$ | $(5.5)$ | $-7.6 \%$ | $36.1 \%$ |
| Income tax | $(10.3)$ | 31.9 | 75.2 | $-132.4 \%$ | $-113.7 \%$ |
| EBIT | 18.4 | 150.7 | 346.7 | $-87.8 \%$ | $-94.7 \%$ |
| Depreciation \& amortization | 133.6 | 128.7 | 103.7 | $3.8 \%$ | $28.8 \%$ |
| EBITDA | 151.9 | 279.4 | 450.4 | $-45.6 \%$ | $-66.3 \%$ |
| Fair value cost of timber harvested | 90.1 | 79.6 | 83.1 | $13.3 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ |
| Gain from changes in fair value of | $(36.1)$ | $(37.4)$ | $(26.4)$ | $-3.6 \%$ | $36.6 \%$ |
| biological assets | 12.3 | 9.3 | 6.0 | $31.5 \%$ | $103.6 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Exchange rate differences | 19.9 | 12.4 | 2.1 | $60.5 \%$ | $832.7 \%$ |
| Others (*) | 238.2 | 343.3 | 515.3 | $-30.6 \%$ | $-53.8 \%$ |
| Adjusted EBITDA |  |  |  |  |  |

(*) Includes provision from property, plants and equipment, and others

Adjusted EBITDA variation by business segment (in US\$ million)



## Forestry

## Business

The Adjusted EBITDA for our forestry business was US\$55.1 million for the third quarter, which translates to a US\$0.6 million decrease compared to the previous quarter.


The production during the third quarter was 5.1 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}, 7.8 \%$ down compared to the second quarter. On the other hand, sales volume reached 7.8 million $\mathrm{m}^{3}$, a decrease of $1.6 \%$ compared to the last quarter.

Production, Purchase and Sales Volume (in thousand m³)



During the third quarter of 2019, no significant changes were seen regarding the market situation and compared to the second quarter results: the demand didn't recover significantly and prices suffered even more deterioration. Only by the end of the quarter, a few markets showed stability in prices, but this was not yet enough to signal a trend reversal.

High inventory levels, economic uncertainty, the ongoing trade war and the lower demand from the northern hemisphere in the summer season affected the market recovery.

| Global Pulp Demand variation <br> Last 8 months |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| North America | $\Delta$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| West Europe | $\nabla$ | $-10.5 \%$ |
| China | $\triangle$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| Others | $\nabla$ | $-0.5 \%$ |
| Total | $\nabla$ | $\mathbf{- 1 . 0 \%}$ |

Source: World-20 Bleached Chemical Pulp Demand. Hawkins Wright Report

In China and the rest of the Asian markets, paper production showed a slight recovery, as the high demand season started (usually between September and December). Even though prices for softwood stabilized, prices for hardwood continued falling during the third quarter. With this scenario for both fibers, the gap between them increased. Paper producers have been increasing their margins due to pulp prices and a slight recovery in paper demand.

In Europe, the paper market's situation was different, characterized by lower consumption and low economic activity. All of these factors pushed some companies into reducing their production and to some lines shutdowns. This situation offset all positive margins that could have been generated by the fall in pulp prices. Additionally, European paper exporters had to deal with Chinese competitors mainly in the Middle East and Africa.

Our production, during the third quarter, showed a slight increase compared to the last quarter, mainly due to less programmed maintenance stoppages. Compared to the same period of 2018 production increased by $1.1 \%$. Sales volume increased by $25.3 \%$, as our total stock decreased by approximately 75 thousand tonnes.

Production and Sales Volume (In thousand tonnes)


The Adjusted EBITDA for our pulp business reached US\$148.2 million during this quarter, which translates to a $25.1 \%$ or US\$49.6 million decrease compared to the second quarter 2019.

Pulp EBITDA Mg reached 24.3\%, 9.7\% down from the last quarter.


Days of Maintenance Stoppages

| Mill | 2019 |  |  |  |  | 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1Q |  | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 1Q |
| Arauco - Line 1 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Arauco - Line 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| Constitución |  | 18 |  |  |  | 7 |
| Licancel | 11 |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| Nueva Aldea | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Valdivia |  |  |  | 5 | 43 |  |
| Alto Paraná | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montes del Plata |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |



## Panels

Sales increased compared to the previous quarter, with sales volume going up $11.0 \%$, slightly offset by a decrease in price of $3.8 \%$.

During the third quarter, the Latin American market remained stable showing a close fit between supply and demand, except in Brazil and Argentina. The Brazilian market didn't show any significant improvement, mainly due to a weak economy and oversupply, particularly in MDF. In contrast, the Argentine market has been showing signs of improvement which have resulted in higher sales volume and better prices. Despite that, US\$ denominated income has been affected by the depreciation of the Argentine Peso.

In US and Canada, sales have remained healthy, mainly due to a decrease in local supply and higher sales from our Grayling mill.

Production and Sales Volume:
Panels ${ }^{(1)}$
(In thousand m ${ }^{3}$ )


## Sawn timber

During the third quarter, the demand for sawn timber was affected mainly by the ongoing US-China trade war and due to oversupply, particularly in Asia and Oceania, which are one of our main markets. Sales volume decreased by $5.1 \%$.

In remanufactured wood products, North America, which is one of our main markets, showed positive results due to the introduction of new products and less competition from Chinese producers because of the tariffs imposed by the US.

## Production and Sales

 Volume: Sawn Timber ${ }^{(2)}$ (In thousand m ${ }^{3}$ )

## Plywood

Sales volume increased 15.1\%, with the US demand remaining positive. The oversupply from Brazil, Chile and China and a generalized low global demand led to some price decreases.

Production and Sales Volume: Plywood
(In thousand $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ )



Adjusted EBITDA for our wood products business reached US $\$ 62.2$ million during the third quarter of 2019, which means a $26.7 \%$ or US\$22.6 million decrease, compared to the second quarter.
Wood products EBITDA Mg was 8.4\%, lower than the 11.6\% reached in the second quarter.



## Capital Expenditures

During this quarter, capital expenditures reached US\$281.0 million, US\$40.9 million or $17.0 \%$ higher than the second quarter. Purchase and sale of property, plant and equipment decreased compared to the second quarter. The main expenditures during the quarter were:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { MAPA Project: } & \text { US } \$ 93.7 \text { million } \\ \text { Dissolving Pulp Project: } & \text { US } \$ 21.7 \text { million }\end{array}$

The second quarter of 2019 showed a positive effect due to the proceeds from the sale of Puertos y Logística S.A. Additionally, during the third quarter we paid approximately US\$ $\$ 2.3$ million for the acquisition of Prime Line.

| US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 | YTD 2019 | YTD 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flow used to obtain control of subsidiaries or other businesses | 21.0 | (102.0) | 0.0 | 69.7 | 16.6 |
| Cash flow used to purchase in associates | - | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Purchase and sale of property, plant and equipment | 208.9 | 277.8 | 143.5 | 652.5 | 392.7 |
| Purchase and sale of intangible assets | 6.5 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 15.3 | 0.8 |
| Purchase of other long-term assets | 44.7 | 59.2 | 49.6 | 177.7 | 168.1 |
| Total CAPEX | 281.0 | 240.1 | 193.7 | 915.7 | 579.1 |



## Free

## Cash Flow

During the third quarter, Free Cash Flow increased by US\$499.3 million compared to the second quarter of 2019, ending up in a surplus of US\$62.6 million. Cash provided by operating activities increased by US\$372.1 million mainly due to (i) an increase in working capital variation and (ii) a decrease in income tax paid, because during the second quarter we paid the annual taxes. Cash used by investment activities increased due to higher Capex. Cash used by financing activities decreased compared to the last quarter because of dividends paid during that quarter.

| US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 238.2 | 343.3 | 515.3 |
| Working Capital Variation | 152.2 | (27.6) | (74.5) |
| Interest paid and received | (39.8) | (55.9) | (39.4) |
| Income tax paid | (50.9) | (210.0) | (40.8) |
| Other cash inflows (outflows) | 74.1 | (47.9) | 24.7 |
| Cash from Operations | 373.8 | 1.8 | 385.2 |
| Capex | (281.0) | (240.1) | (193.7) |
| Proceeds from investment activities | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| Other inflows of cash, net | 6.5 | 0.7 | 7.8 |
| Cash from (used in) Investment Activities | (272.0) | (236.3) | (182.5) |
| Dividends paid | - | (182.1) | (0.2) |
| Other inflows of cash, net | (19.1) | (27.3) | (5.2) |
| Cash from (used in) Financing Activities - Net of Proceeds and Repayments | (19.1) | (209.4) | (5.4) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (20.1) | 7.3 | (3.1) |
| Free Cash Flow | 62.6 | (436.7) | 194.1 |

Net Debt Variation Q3 2019 - Q2 2019 (in US\$ million)

(*) The total amount corresponds to leasing variation.


ARAUCO 's total financial debt as of September 30, 2019 reached US $\$ 5,395.4$ million, a decrease of $5.4 \%$ or US $\$ 310.3$ million compared to the end of June 2019, mainly due to a US bond maturity on July 2019.

Our consolidated net financial debt decreased $4.5 \%$ or US\$201.6 million. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by US\$108.6 million.

Our leverage, measured as Net Financial Debt/LTM Adjusted EBITDA was $3.3 x$, an increase compared to the $2.9 x$ in the last quarter due to a decrease of the LTM Adjusted EBITDA of 17.8\%.

| In US\$ Million | Sept 2019 | June 2019 | Sept 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short term financial debt | 557.7 | 543.3 | 502.2 |
| Long term financial debt | 4,839.8 | 5,162.3 | 3,664.3 |
| TOTAL FINANCIAL DEBT | 5,395.4 | 5,705.7 | 4,166.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,142.2 | 1,250.9 | 734.8 |
| NET FINANCIAL DEBT | 4,253.2 | 4,454.8 | 3,431.7 |
| LTM Adjusted EBITDA | 1,276.3 | 1,553.4 | 1,848.8 |

Net Financial Debt and Leverage (In US\$ Million)


Debt by Currency

(*) UF is a Chilean monetary unit indexed to inflation.


## Cash

Our cash position was US $\$ 1,142.2$ million at the end of the third quarter, which translates to US $\$ 108.6$ million or a $8.7 \%$ decrease compared to the last quarter. Cash provided from operating activities increased by US\$372.1 million, mainly due to less income tax paid and less payments of suppliers and personnel. Additionally, inventories and trade and other receivables decreased by approximately US\$78 million each. Cash used in investing activities increased by $15.1 \%$ explained by higher capital expenditures incurred during the third quarter. On the other hand, cash used by financing activities decreased, reaching US\$190.4 million, because (i) during the second quarter we issued an international bond and (ii) dividends paid during the last quarter.

Cash by Currency


## Cash by Instrument



## Financial Debt Profile

For the last quarter of 2019, bank and bonds obligations (which include accrued interest) sum up US\$189.7 million. Bank obligations include the following maturities: US\$67.6 million in loans in Montes del Plata, US\$37.7 million of leasing, US\$5.5 million of credit loans in the United States, US\$2.0 million in our Brazilian subsidiaries and US\$0.4 million from loans in Chile. Bond obligations for the remainder of the year sum up US\$ 113.2 million. These include interest and amortization payments for local bonds, and interest payments for US\$ denominated bonds. Amortization payments for local bonds include US\$12.2 million for the BARAU-F and US\$9.6 million for the BARAU-Q.

Debt Amortization Profile as of September 30, 2019 (In US\$ Million)


## Dissolving Pulp Project update

The Dissolving Pulp Project had a 98\% advance as of September 2019.
The start-up is expected by the beginning of 2020. Total investment for this brownfield project is approximately US\$195 million.

## MAPA Project update

MAPA Project progress goes as expected with a $22 \%$ accumulated advance.
During this quarter, civil and electromechanical works started. Additionally, contracts for the construction of the administration building and others were awarded.

The start-up of the new Line 3 is expected to take place during the second quarter of 2021. At that point Line 1 will shut down.

## Sustainable Bond

On October 24, ARAUCO completed an offering of US\$500 million principal amount of $4.200 \%$ notes due 2030 and US $\$ 500$ million principal amount of $5.150 \%$ notes due 2050. Both bonds are sustainable, a category which encompasses green and social projects. ARAUCO is the first forestry company in Latin America to ever issue sustainable bonds. We also achieved the lowest coupon rate in ARAUCO's history for a 30-year bond.
The use of proceeds for these bonds are (i) to finance part of the MAPA project, (ii) to pay the purchase price to holders of our notes due 2021 and 2022 that are validly tendered and accepted to be purchased by us pursuant to the terms of the cash tender offers being concurrently conducted by us and (iii) other capital management activities, with the remainder to be held in cash and/or cash equivalents and/or invested in other short-term liquid investments.

Regarding the tender offer, the following amounts were validly tendered: US\$43.3 million for the principal amount of our $5.000 \%$ notes due 2021 and US $\$ 129.3$ million for the principal amount of our $4.750 \%$ notes due 2022.

# CONFERENCE CALL 

Nov. 19, 2019
11:00 Santiago Time
09:00 Eastern Time (New York)
Dial in:
+1 (844) 4503845 from USA
+56 (44) 2081274 from Chile
+1 (412) 3176368 from other countries
Conference ID: Arauco

For further information, please contact:
Marcelo Bennett, Treasurer
marcelo.bennett@arauco.com
Phone: +56 224617309

María José Ulloa, Investor Relations
maria.ulloa@arauco.com
Phone: +56 224617494
investor_relations@arauco.cl

## $\square$

## Financial

## Statements

## Income Statement

| In US\$ Million | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 | YTD 2019 | YTD 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenues | 1,387.2 | 1,351.6 | 1,549.9 | 4,126.9 | 4,573.9 |
| Cost of sales | $(1,054.3)$ | (966.0) | (938.5) | $(2,960.2)$ | $(2,796.5)$ |
| Gross profit | 332.9 | 385.6 | 611.4 | 1,166.7 | 1,777.4 |
| Other income | 41.6 | 86.4 | 36.7 | 173.6 | 103.2 |
| Distribution costs | (160.4) | (143.3) | (147.1) | (448.6) | (414.8) |
| Administrative expenses | (140.4) | (146.2) | (133.8) | (427.9) | (416.3) |
| Other expenses | (37.2) | (27.7) | (19.2) | (87.2) | (52.8) |
| Financial income | 7.5 | 8.1 | 5.5 | 22.3 | 12.8 |
| Financial costs | (65.8) | (69.5) | (56.2) | (192.7) | (159.3) |
| Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method | (5.8) | 5.3 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 28.7 |
| Other income (loss) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Exchange rate differences | (12.3) | (9.3) | (6.0) | (19.5) | (22.3) |
| Income before income tax | (39.9) | 89.3 | 295.9 | 190.6 | 856.6 |
| Income tax | 10.3 | (31.9) | (75.2) | (36.6) | (199.9) |
| Net income | (29.6) | 57.4 | 220.7 | 153.9 | 656.6 |
| Profit attributable to parent company | (29.5) | 57.3 | 220.8 | 153.7 | 657.1 |
| Profit attributable to non-parent company | (0.1) | 0.1 | (0.1) | 0.3 | (0.4) |

## Balance Sheet

| In US\$ Million | 30-09-2019 | 30-06-2019 | 30-09-2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,142.2 | 1,250.9 | 734.8 |
| Other financial current assets | 0.4 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Other current non-financial assets | 168.9 | 192.9 | 135.2 |
| Trade and other receivables-net | 773.5 | 852.0 | 989.8 |
| Related party receivables | 6.2 | 4.4 | 5.6 |
| Inventories | 1,074.8 | 1,153.7 | 948.5 |
| Biological assets, current | 324.4 | 308.6 | 296.1 |
| Tax assets | 106.8 | 60.7 | 20.7 |
| Non-Current Assets classified as held for sale | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Total Current Assets | 3,602.7 | 3,829.9 | 3,138.5 |
| Other non-current financial assets | 31.3 | 49.2 | 52.6 |
| Other non-current and non-financial assets | 93.2 | 114.2 | 139.3 |
| Non-current receivables | 11.3 | 11.3 | 18.7 |
| Investments accounted through equity method | 284.8 | 305.0 | 369.0 |
| Intangible assets | 96.7 | 96.7 | 84.9 |
| Goodwill | 73.5 | 66.3 | 65.1 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 7,773.1 | 7,810.2 | 6,971.4 |
| Biological assets, non-current | 3,308.6 | 3,374.6 | 3,363.6 |
| Deferred tax assets | 6.6 | 6.2 | 8.5 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | 11,679.1 | 11,833.7 | 11,073.0 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 15,281.8 | 15,663.6 | 14,211.5 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Other financial liabilities, current | 557.5 | 544.4 | 504.6 |
| Trade and other payables | 696.8 | 696.7 | 584.3 |
| Related party payables | 4.5 | 8.1 | 10.9 |
| Other provisions, current | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.4 |
| Tax liabilities | 1.9 | 7.2 | 143.2 |
| Current provision for employee benefits | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, current | 115.2 | 118.3 | 314.8 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 1,382.8 | 1,381.9 | 1,564.3 |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | 4,951.3 | 5,191.2 | 3,676.2 |
| Trade and Other payables non-current | 2.2 | 2.6 | 0.0 |
| Other provisions, non-current | 31.8 | 34.1 | 32.7 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,371.8 | 1,390.0 | 1,443.4 |
| Non-current provision for employee benefits | 65.1 | 69.0 | 70,1 |
| Other non-financial liabilities, non-current | 110.3 | 120.3 | 106.2 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | 6,532.6 | 6,807.1 | 5,328.6 |
| Non-parent participation | 35.7 | 37.7 | 36.5 |
| Net equity attributable to parent company | 7,330.8 | 7,436.9 | 7,282.1 |
|  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | 15,281.8 | 15,663.6 | 14,211.5 |

## Cash Flow Statement

| US\$ MAllion | Q3 2019 | Q2 2019 | Q3 2018 | YTD 2019 | YTD 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts from sales of goods and rendering of services | 1,536.2 | 1,549.4 | 1,517.8 | 4,462.7 | 4,442.1 |
| Other cash receipts (payments) | 124.8 | 52.0 | 51.3 | 241.1 | 124.2 |
| Payments of suppliers and personnel (less) | $(1,195.2)$ | $(1,332.0)$ | $(1,101.3)$ | $(3,780.7)$ | $(3,513.7)$ |
| Interest paid and received | (39.8) | (55.9) | (39.4) | (138.9) | (121.4) |
| Income tax paid | (50.9) | (210.0) | (40.8) | (273.5) | (60.2) |
| Other (outflows) inflows of cash, net | (1.3) | (1.7) | (2.4) | (4.8) | (3.9) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities | 373.8 | 1.8 | 385.2 | 505.9 | 867.1 |
| Capital Expenditures | (281.0) | (240.1) | (193.7) | (915.7) | (579.1) |
| Other investment cash flows | 9.0 | 3.8 | 11.2 | 24.5 | 20.4 |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities | (272.0) | (236.3) | (182.5) | (891.2) | (558.8) |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 58.2 | 1,081.9 | 163.8 | 1,146.2 | 445.5 |
| Repayments of borrowings | (229.5) | (141.2) | (194.9) | (431.2) | (462.8) |
| Dividends paid | 0.0 | (182.1) | (0.2) | (182.1) | (114.7) |
| Other inflows of cash, net | (19.1) | (27.3) | (5.2) | (67.7) | (6.0) |
| Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities | (190.4) | 730.4 | (36.6) | 465.2 | (138.0) |
| Total Cash Inflow (Outflow) of the Period | (88.5) | 495.8 | 166.1 | 79.9 | 170.4 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (20.1) | 7.3 | (3.1) | (13.6) | (25.5) |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of the period | 1,250.9 | 747.8 | 571.8 | 1,075.9 | 589.9 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the Period | 1,142.2 | 1,250.9 | 734.8 | 1,142.2 | 734.8 |



IFRS 16 includes changes in ARAUCO's accounting as lessee, by requiring a similar treatment than that of financial leases for all the leases that are currently classified as operational with an effective term exceeding 12 months. This means, in general terms, that it will be necessary to acknowledge an asset that represents the right of use over the goods that are subject to operational leasing agreements as well as a liability, equal to the present value of the payments associated to the agreement. Regarding the effects over the results, the payment of monthly leases shall be replaced by the depreciation for the asset's right of use and the acknowledgement of a financial expense.

ARAUCO recognized leases retroactively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of the standard recognized as of January 1, 2019, consistently with all leases where it acts a lessee.

ARAUCO has chosen not to recognize a liability and an asset for right-of-use for low value leases or whose term of the contract is 12 months or less.

